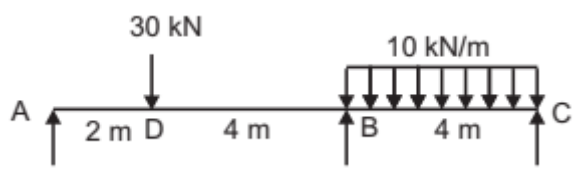
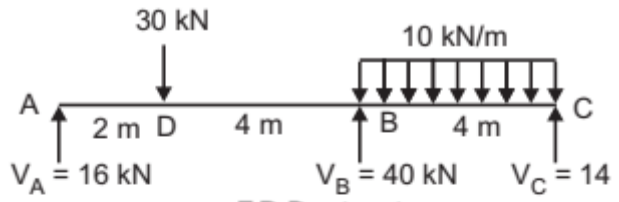
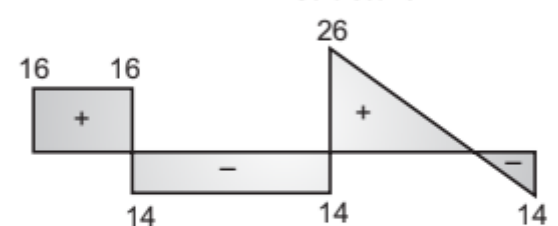
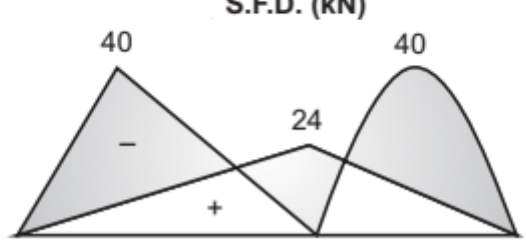
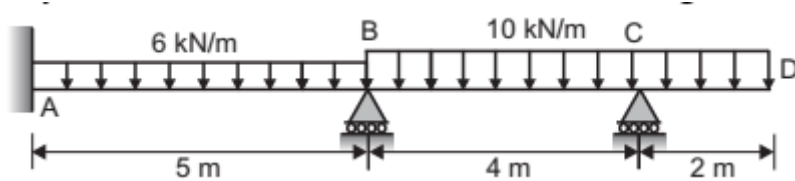
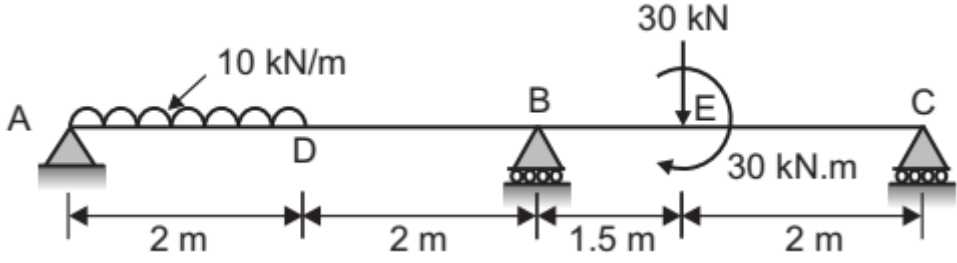
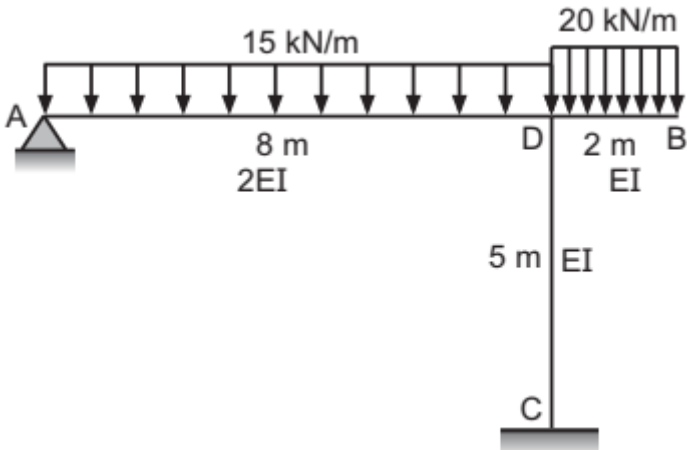
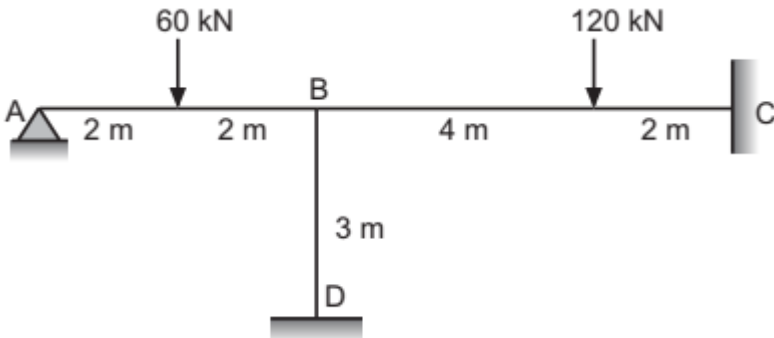
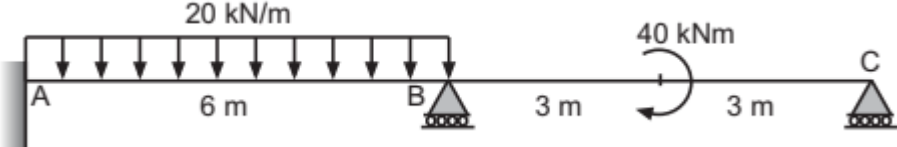
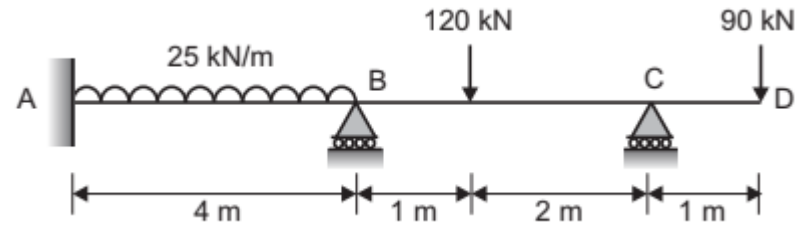


P.E.S. COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING (AN AUTONOMOUS INSTITUTE) CHH. SAMBHAJINAGAR-431002 Summer Examination – 2026 Course: F.Y.M. Tech. Branch : Structural Engineering Semester : II Subject Code & Name: MTPESSEPE204CT, Matrix Method of Structural Analysis Max Marks: 60 Date:06/07/2026 Duration: 3 Hr.			
Instructions to the Students: 1. All the questions are compulsory. 2. The level of question/expected answer as per OBE or the Course Outcome (CO) on which the question is based is mentioned in () in front of the question. 3. Use of non-programmable scientific calculators is allowed. 4. Assume suitable data wherever necessary and mention it clearly.			
		(Level/CO)	Marks
Q. 1	Solve Any one of the following.		
A)	Analyse the continuous beam ABC as shown in figure by Direct Flexibility method.	K3	12
60 kN 10 kN/m 3 m D 3 m B 6 m C 3 m 3 m 6 m 3 m Solution:- 45 kNm 60 kN 10 kN/m V_A = 30 kN V_B = 67.5 kN V_B = 22.5 kN F.B.D. of structure 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 S.F.D. (kN) 45 90 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 B.M.D. by superposition			

B)	Analyse the continuous beam shown in Figure by flexibility method. Take $EI = \text{constant}$.  Solution:-  F.B.D. structure  S.F.D. (kN)  B.M.D. by superposition	K3	12
Q.2	Solve Any one of the following.		
A)	Analyse the beam shown in Figure by Generalized flexibility method. Take $EI = \text{constant}$.  Solution: $V_a = 15.39\text{KN}$, $V_b = 32.42\text{ KN}$, $V_c = 42.19\text{KN}$, $M_a = 13.14\text{KN-m}$, $M_{ab\text{ max}} = 6.57\text{ KN-m}$, $M_{cb\text{ max}} = 4.62\text{KN-m}$, $M_{cd} = 20\text{ KN-m}$.	K3	12
B)	Analyse the continuous beam shown in Figure by Generalized flexibility method. Take $EI = \text{constant}$.	K3	12

	 Solution:- $V_a=14.85 \text{ KN}$, $V_b=13.90 \text{ KN}$, $V_c=21.25 \text{ KN}$. $M_{ab} = 9.7 \text{ KN-m}$, $M_{max}=0.6 \text{ KN-m}$, $M_{bc}=12.5$ and 42.5 KN-m.		
Q. 3	Solve Any one of the following.		
A)	Analyse the portal frame as shown in figure by Direct Stiffness method.  Solution: $M_{ad}=0$, $M_{da}=100.65 \text{ KN-m}$, $M_{dc}= -20.65 \text{ KN-m}$, $M_{cd}=-6.45 \text{ KN-m}$, $M_{db}=M_{fdb}=-80 \text{ KN-m}$.	K4	12
B)	Analyse the portal frame as shown in figure by Direct Stiffness method.  Solution:- $M_{ab}=0$, $M_{ba}=52.275 \text{ KN-m}$, $M_{bc}=-51.31 \text{ KN-m}$, $M_{cb}=107.68 \text{ KN-m}$, $M_{bd}=4.04 \text{ KN-m}$, $M_{db}=2.02 \text{ KN-m}$.	K4	12
Q.4	Solve Any one of the following.		

A)	Analyse the continuous beam ABC as shown in figure by Generalized Stiffness method.  Solution:- $V_a=72.38\text{KN}$, $V_{b1}=47.62\text{KN}$, $V_{b2}=2.86\text{KN}$, $V_c=2.86\text{KN}$. $M_a=97.14\text{ KN-m}$, $M_b=22.86\text{ KN-m}$, $M_c=0\text{ KN-m}$. $M_{ab}=90\text{ KN-m}$, $M_{bc}=20\text{ KN-m}$.	K4	12												
B)	Analyse the beam by Generalized Stiffness Matrix Method.  Solution: $V_a=52.209\text{ KN}$, $V_{b1}=47.79\text{ KN}$, $V_{b2}=59.14\text{KN}$, $V_{c1}=60.85\text{KN}$, $V_{c2}=90\text{ KN}$. $M_a=1.43\text{ KN}$, $M_b=37.13\text{KN-m}$, $M_c=40\text{KN-m}$, $M_{ab}=20\text{KN-m}$, $M_{bc}=100\text{KN-m}$.	K4	12												
Q. 5	Solve Any one of the following.														
A)	Explain the concepts of material non-linearity and geometric non-linearity in structural analysis. Discuss their causes, characteristics, assumptions, and effects on the load–deformation behavior of structures. Solution:- <table><tr><th>Particulars</th><th>Marks</th></tr><tr><td>Definition of material non-linearity</td><td>3</td></tr><tr><td>Definition of geometric non-linearity</td><td>3</td></tr><tr><td>Causes and characteristics of material non-linearity (yielding, cracking, plasticity, etc.)</td><td>3</td></tr><tr><td>Causes and characteristics of geometric non-linearity (large displacement, P-Δ effect, etc.)</td><td>3</td></tr><tr><td>Total</td><td>12</td></tr></table>	Particulars	Marks	Definition of material non-linearity	3	Definition of geometric non-linearity	3	Causes and characteristics of material non-linearity (yielding, cracking, plasticity, etc.)	3	Causes and characteristics of geometric non-linearity (large displacement, P-Δ effect, etc.)	3	Total	12	K2	12
Particulars	Marks														
Definition of material non-linearity	3														
Definition of geometric non-linearity	3														
Causes and characteristics of material non-linearity (yielding, cracking, plasticity, etc.)	3														
Causes and characteristics of geometric non-linearity (large displacement, P-Δ effect, etc.)	3														
Total	12														
B)	Describe the stiffness method for nonlinear structural analysis. Explain the formulation and solution procedure for structures exhibiting (a) material non-linearity and (b) geometric non-linearity. Solution:- <table><tr><th>Particulars</th><th>Marks</th></tr><tr><td>Introduction to nonlinear stiffness method</td><td>3</td></tr><tr><td>Formulation of stiffness method with material non-linearity</td><td>3</td></tr><tr><td>Formulation of stiffness method with geometric non-linearity</td><td>3</td></tr><tr><td>Explanation of tangent stiffness matrix</td><td>3</td></tr><tr><td>Total</td><td>12</td></tr></table>	Particulars	Marks	Introduction to nonlinear stiffness method	3	Formulation of stiffness method with material non-linearity	3	Formulation of stiffness method with geometric non-linearity	3	Explanation of tangent stiffness matrix	3	Total	12	K2	12
Particulars	Marks														
Introduction to nonlinear stiffness method	3														
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Total	12														
*** End ***															